

Description

The Venturi Nozzle is a hybrid device having an inlet, convergent section identical to the ISA 1932 nozzle and an outlet, divergent section similar to a Venturi tube flowmeter. This results in a unique location for the low pressure tap in the throat. This design has a lower pressure loss than the ISA 1932 nozzle and the long radius nozzle. They are generally used for the measurement of liquid or gas flows including steam, erosive, high-velocity and non-viscous media. They do not rely on a sharp edge (which can deteriorate over time) to maintain accuracy and therefore offer excellent long-term accuracy with less wear, reducing the possibility of distortion. They are often used for high accuracy flow measurement in power plant applications.

Common Materials

· Carbon Steel · 304 / 316SS · Chrome Moly

Other Available Materials

- · Aluminum · Tantalum
- MonelZirconium
- Design Standards
- · ASME PTC-19.5
- · ASME MFC-3M
- · ISO-5167

Construction Standards

· Duplex S/S · Hastelloy B & C

· Titanium · SS

· ASME Section I

· 321 SS

- · ASME B31.1 Power Piping
- · ASME B31.3 Process Piping

Applications

- · Power generation
- Hydrocarbon, Liquids and Gas Process
- · Water Treatment and distribution
- · Erosive Fluids
- · Oil production and refining
- · Steam Process
- · High Velocity Process
- · Erosive Fluids

Special Features

- · Improved, lower, permanent pressure loss when compared to an equivalent ASME long radius nozzle
- In some cases, improved uncalibrated uncertainty compared to an equivalent ASME long radius nozzle
- · Extended product life with no moving parts
- · Low Installation and operation costs
- · Lower susceptibility to erosion
- Widely used for high pressure and/or high temperature steam and water flow
- · Useful for flow measurement at high velocities
- Turndown ratio of 10:1, 20:1, 50:1 and greater can be achieved depending on the specific model and design of the meter as well as the type of secondary instrumentation system utilized
- · Repeatability of ± 0.1%
- · Mounts in any position

Specifications

Line Size: 2.5 to 20 inches

Head Loss (permanent pressure loss) in % of Differential: 5% to 20%

Basic Accuracy (% of Total): [Calibrated +/- 0.25%] [Uncalibrated +/- 1.21% to +/-1.74%, Beta Dependent]

Recommended Pipe Reynolds Number: Greater than 150,000 for basic accuracy

Required Straight Piping: Consult PFS for required US & DS piping based on your specific application

Beta Range: 0.316 through 0.775

Useful Service Life: Medium to Long

Service Functional Limits: Clear Liquids, Gas and Steam



